



## Dedication to Academician Irina Petrovna Beletskaya on the Occasion of her Anniversary

*Dear Reader!*

*This issue of the journal Macroheterocycles is dedicated to Full Member of Russian Academy of Sciences Professor Irina Petrovna Beletskaya on the occasion of her anniversary. Academician I. P. Beletskaya belongs to the outstanding scientists whose contributions in organic and metalloorganic chemistry have directed their development over last decades and determined the their modern state. In the last years she works actively with different kinds of macroheterocyclic compounds such as porphyrins and cyclic polyamines (cyclams, cyclenes, azacrowns, etc). This issue of Macroheterocycles contains microreview, full papers and communications written by colleagues and disciples of Academician Irina Petrovna Beletskaya to celebrate her glorious Anniversary.*

### Biographical sketch

Irina P. Beletskaya was born in Leningrad (St-Petersburg) on March 10<sup>th</sup> 1933. After graduation from the Department of Chemistry of Lomonosov Moscow State University (MSU), she started her brilliant lifelong career at the Department. The onset of her academic carrier was swift and spectacular. By 1963 she reached the D.Sci. degree and soon after became a professor in the department. In less than a decade she obtained first the Candidate of Chemistry (analogous to Ph.D) degree (1958), and then the Doctor of Chemistry degree (1963). Besides intensive research, Irina Beletskaya was always engaged in teaching, and since 1971 served as a professor of chemistry in the department giving lecture courses on general organic chemistry and special postgraduate courses on organometallic chemistry and transition metal catalysis.

Her initial research efforts were directed to the study of reaction mechanisms. What Hughes and Ingold did for nucleophilic substitution, Irina Beletskaya (together with Prof. O. Reutov) did for electrophilic reactions at saturated carbon. She was the first to thoroughly investigate the mechanisms of reactions of organometallic compounds, revealing the regularities of  $S_E$  pathways in a set of articles and a monograph. In this period she also elaborated one of the earliest CH-acidity scales based on correlation with electrochemical data. These interests led her to an investigation of carbanion reactivity, with particular emphasis on the reactivity and structure of ion pairs. Later the mechanistic studies involved the investigation of the mechanisms of nucleophilic aromatic and vinylic substitution, including recent work devoted to special mechanisms of substitution reactions involving organometallic supernucleophiles.

Beletskaya was among the first to pay attention to the application of rare earth elements in organic chemistry, which is now a thriving field. The synthesis of novel organolanthanide complexes was developed including Grignard-like organoytterbiums and similar compounds, which turned out to be useful reagents in organic synthesis. Other lanthanide complexes were shown to take part in various highly effective catalytic processes, e.g. hydrosilation, hydrogenation or oligomerization of olefins.

In the 70s Irina Beletskaya, again among the first, realized the huge potential of a new field,- the application of transition metal catalysts in organic synthesis. She initiated the studies of palladium and nickel-catalyzed reactions, and developed a number of convenient protocols for C-C and C-heteroatom bond forming methods. Industrially important methods were thereby developed for the alkoxycarbonylation of aryl and benzyl halides.

The studies of catalytic activity of various palladium complexes and the regularities governing catalyst deactivation brought forward an unusual idea of ligand-free (or phosphine-free) catalysis. The catalysts lacking strongly bonded ligands showed much higher activity in C-C bond forming reactions involving organoboron or organotin compounds. Further studies revealed a key role of water as solvent for palladium catalyzed reactions. All these findings put together afforded a general approach of aqueous phosphine-free catalysis. Huge catalytic efficiency, very mild conditions, simplicity of experimental setup characterized the processes realized within this fruitful methodology.

Well in advance of the burst of global interest in environmentally benign (*green*) chemistry, Irina Beletskaya discovered a series of transition-metal catalyzed reactions in aqueous media, including unusual systems such as microemulsions or other high-capacity solubilizing media. A

thorough study of aqueous phosphine-free catalysis helped to reveal yet another essential feature – the involvement of catalyst nanoparticles, which not only allowed the development of new catalytic systems (for example, a new series of palladacycles involving cheap CN-ligands), but also explained the catalysis by super-low amounts of phosphine-free palladium catalyst (now sometimes nicknamed as *homeopathic catalysis*).

Amazingly, in the last two decades, in spite of harsh economic problems and huge cuts of support for science, the activity of Irina Beletskaya in research progresses at an increasing pace. Her current interests are as broad as ever, including organometallic chemistry, catalysis, supramolecular chemistry, nanochemistry, synthetic methodology *etc.* Besides experimental research Beletskaya is very interested in methodology. There appeared and continue to appear, a vast series of highly acclaimed critical reviews and book chapters on various aspects of palladium and other transition metal catalyzed reactions, including the Heck reaction, C-C and C-heteroatom cross-coupling, addition to triple bond, carbonylation and carbonylative cyclizations, water in organometallic chemistry, and dendrimers. In the last years her scientific interest also covers several additional fields: chemistry of macrocycles and their use as chemosensors, porphyrin chemistry, organocatalysis.

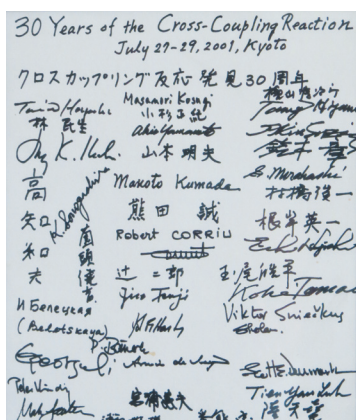
In 1974 Irina Beletskaya was elected a corresponding member of the Academy of Sciences of USSR, and in 1992

became a full member (an academician) of the Russian Academy of Sciences. Since 1989 Beletskaya has been head of the Organoelement Chemistry laboratory at the Department of Chemistry of MSU.

Professor Beletskaya is an emeritus academician of the Bashkir National Academy of Science, an emeritus professor of St-Petersburg State University, and Cordoba University (Argentina). She has won the Mendeleev, Lomonosov, Nesmeyanov and Demidov Prizes for creativity and achievements in chemistry. Abroad she also won the Kapitza Award Fellowship (UK), and Women in the Engineering Science award (Sweden).

Irina Beletskaya has been serving for many years as an editor-in-chief of the Russian Journal of Organic Chemistry. She is or has been a member of the editorial boards of a number of leading journals including The Bulletin of Russian Academy of Science (Izvestiya RAN), Mendeleev Communications, The Proceedings of Russian Academy of Science (Vestnik RAN), Organometallics, Chemistry – A European Journal, and the Journal of Organometallic Chemistry.

For many years Professor Beletskaya also participated in the activities of the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC) serving in late 80s first as a secretary, then a vice-president, and in 1991-1993 as a president of the Division of Organic Chemistry. Until 2001 she was working on the IUPAC Committee on chemical weapons destruction technologies (CWDT).



Scientific meeting "30 Years of Cross-Coupling Reactions" (Kyoto, 2001).  
Signatures of Participants.



Members of the Organising committee of many IUPAC Symposiums on "Organometallic Chemistry towards Organic Synthesis" (OMCOS): from left to right G. van Koten, B. Lipshutz, S.-i. Murahashi, I.P. Beletskaya, R. Hoffmann





*Academician I.P. Beletskaya  
with Prof. R. Noyori (Nobel Prize 2001)*



*With Profs. J. Tsuji  
and S.-i. Murahashi*



*With Profs. M. Kumada and J. Tsuji*



*With Prof. M. Makosza*



*With Prof. M. Tanaka, Acad. Yu. N. Bubnov  
and Prof. R. Guilard in Elabuga  
during V-th Razuvaev Lectures (2010)*



*With Acad. A. Yu. Tsivadze  
and Dr. A. Bessmertnykh-Lemeune*



*Acad. I. P. Beletskaya and her colleagues in Dijon (2009)*



*Acad. I. P. Beletskaya with the participants of the scientific seminar on macroheterocycles in Ivanovo State University of Chemistry and Technology (2012)*

*Редакция журнала «Макрогетероциклы»  
сердечно поздравляет академика Ирину  
Петровну Белецкую с юбилеем и желает  
ей здоровья, благополучия и новых научных  
побед!*

*гл. редактор О. И. Койфман  
зам. гл. редактора П. А. Стужин*