

Supporting Materials for article

Molecular Structure Features and Acid–Base Ionization of the 5–(4–Aminophenyl)–10,15,20–tris(4–sulfophenyl)porphine Conjugate with H–acid in Water

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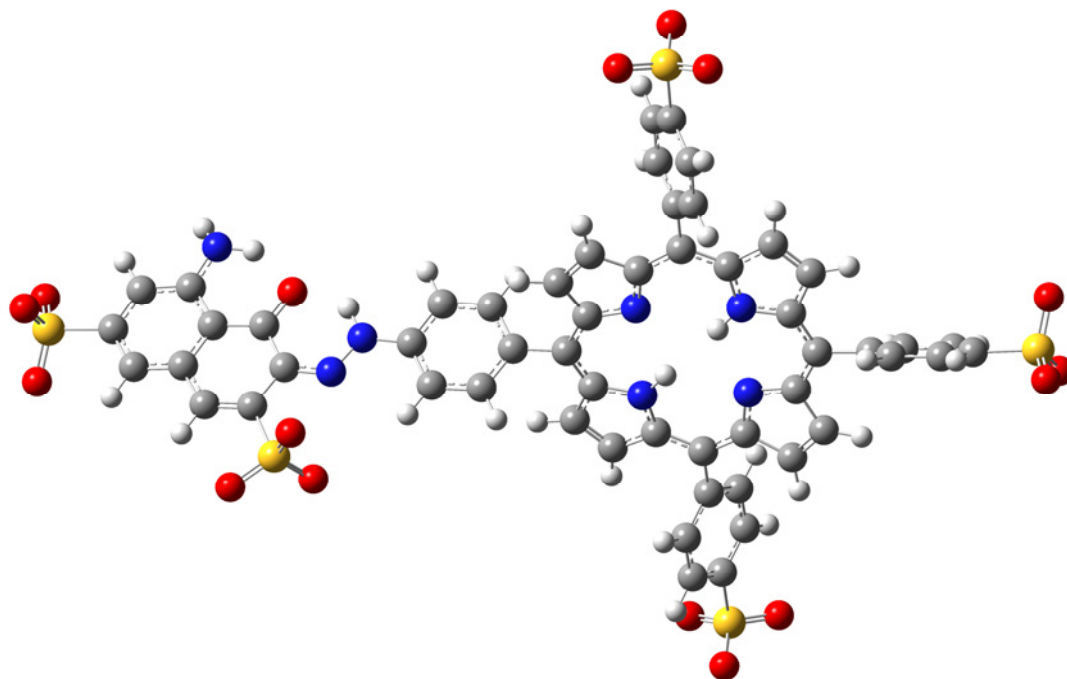
Особенности молекулярного строения и кислотно–основная ионизация конъюгата 5–(4–аминофенил)–10,15,20–трис(4–сульфофенил)порфина с Аш–кислотой в воде

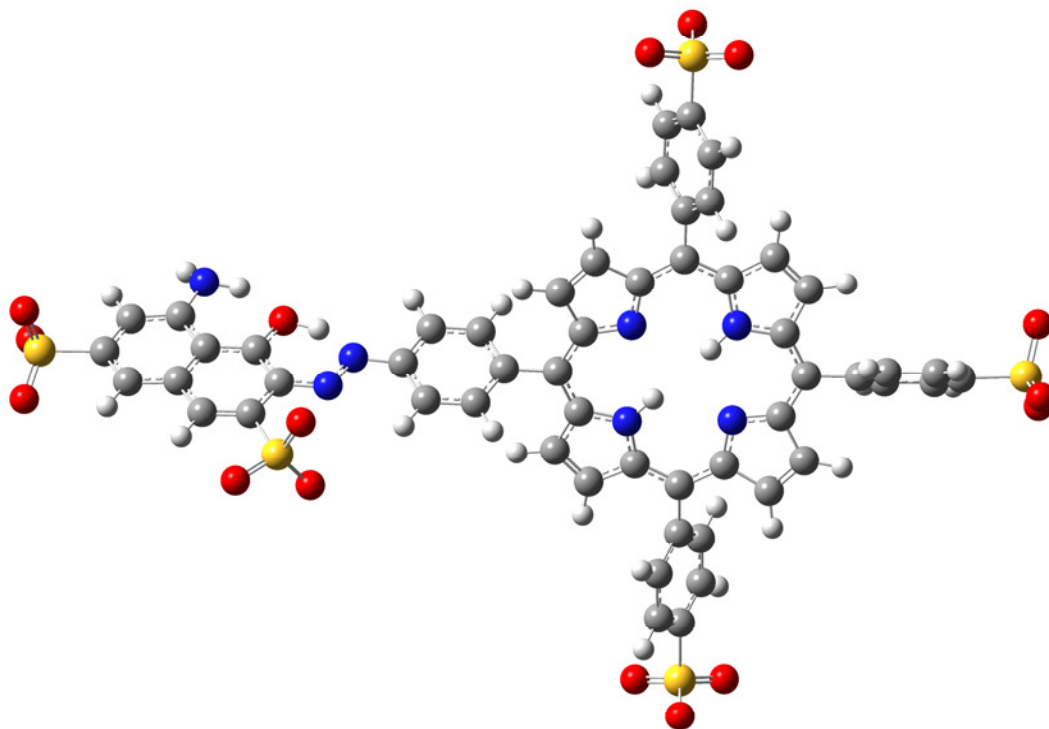
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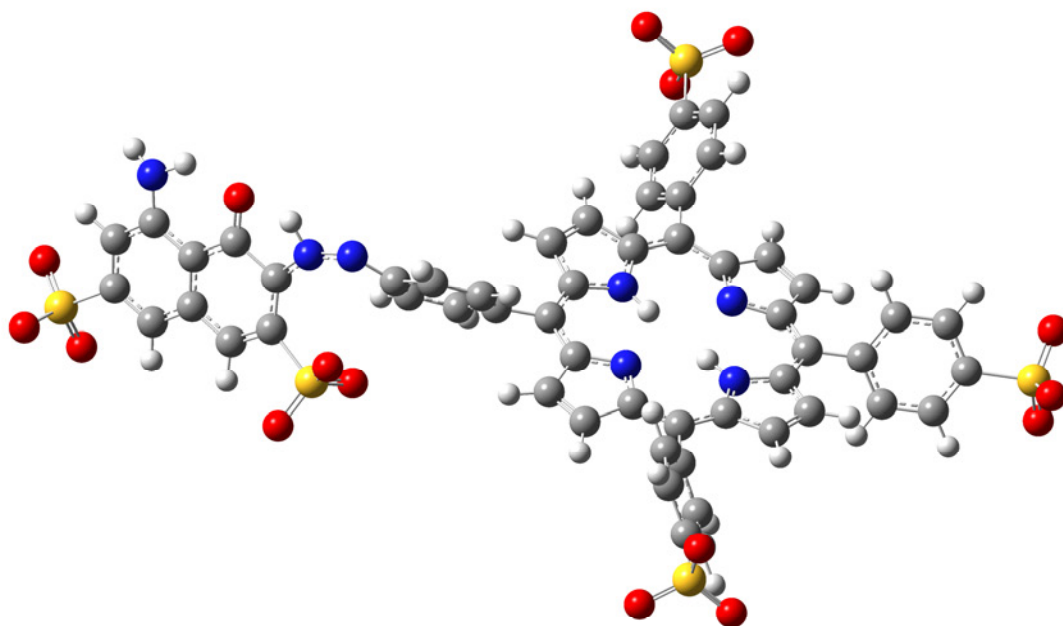
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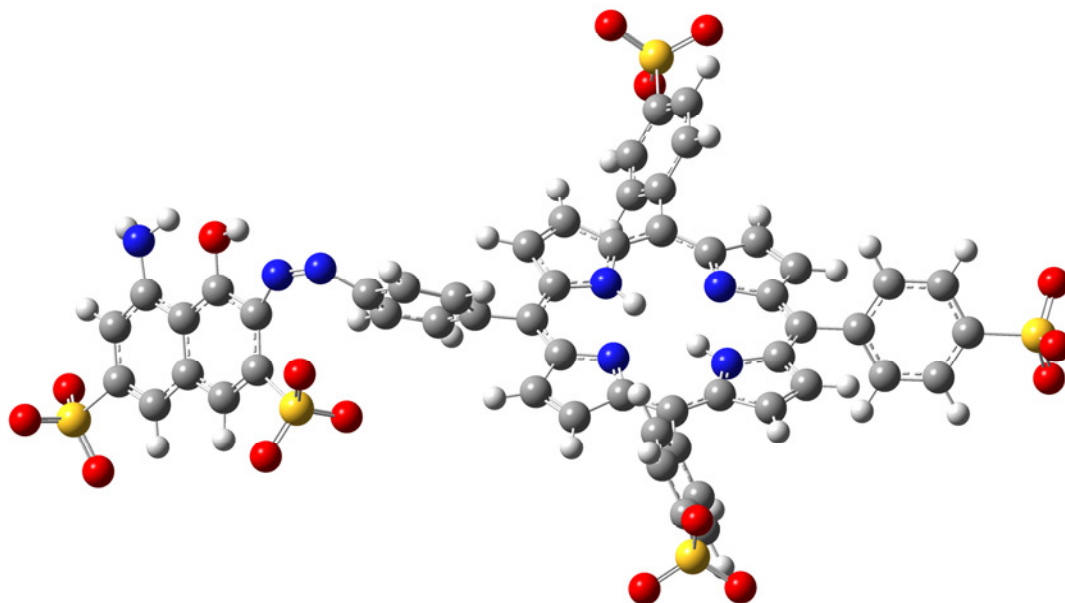




$E_0 + 6.47$

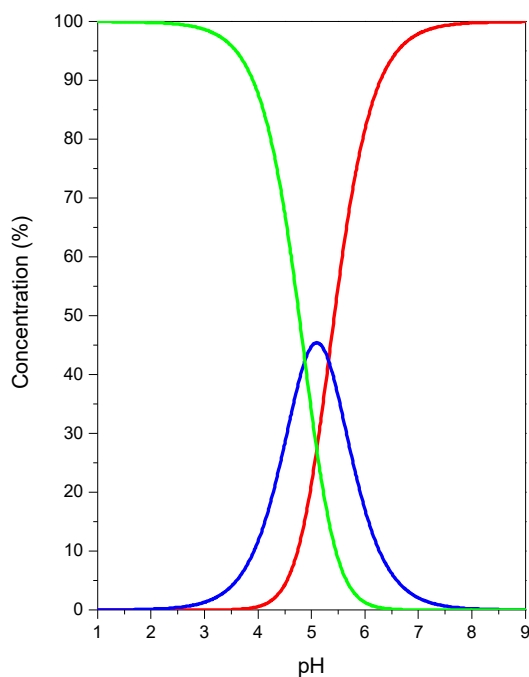


$E_0 + 35.47$



$E_0 + 41.47$

Figure S1. Molecular structure and the difference in the total formation energies of various forms of *H*-conjugate (*E*, kcal/mol) according to the DFT/B3LYP/631G(d,p) method.



$$C_{H_2P} = \frac{100\%}{1 + K_{b1} \cdot 10^{-pH} + K_{b1} \cdot K_{B2} \cdot 10^{-2pH}} \quad \text{SM(1)}$$

$$C_{H_4P^{2+}} = \frac{100\% \cdot K_{b1} \cdot K_{B2} \cdot 10^{-2pH}}{1 + K_{b1} \cdot 10^{-pH} + K_{b1} \cdot K_{B2} \cdot 10^{-2pH}} \quad \text{SM(2)}$$

$$C_{H_3P^+} = \frac{100\% \cdot K_{b1} \cdot 10^{-pH}}{1 + K_{b1} \cdot 10^{-pH} + K_{b1} \cdot K_{B2} \cdot 10^{-2pH}} \quad \text{SM(3)}$$

Figure S2. pH-dependent distribution of current concentrations of *H*-conjugate conjugated forms: H_2P (---), H_3P^+ (---) and $(H_2O)_2[H_4P^{++}]$ (---), calculated by the equations SM (1)-(3).